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Mutual Trust Advisory Group, Inc.
23190 Fashion Drive, Suite P203
Estero, FL 33928

Tel. 239-204-4333

Fax. 239-204-4330

WWW.MutualTrustAdvisoryGroup.com

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This Brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Mutual Trust Advisory Group, Inc (MTAG). If you have any questions about the contents of this Brochure, please contact us at: 239-204-4333 or Scott@mtagr.com. The information in this Brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority.

Mutual Trust Advisory Group is a State of Florida Registered Investment Adviser. Registration of an investment adviser does not imply any level of skill or training. The oral and written communications of an advisor provide you with information about which you determine to hire or retain an advisor. Additional information about Mutual Trust Advisory Group is available on the SEC's website at www.Adviserinfo.sec.gov.

Item 2 - Material Changes

Annual Update

The Material Changes section of this brochure will be updated annually when material changes occur after the release of Mutual Trust Advisory Group's previous Brochure.

On February 14, 2020, we submitted our annual updating amendment filing for fiscal year 2019. We have updated Item 4 of our Form ADV Part 2A Brochure to disclose discretionary assets under management of approximately \$51,803,956 and non-discretionary assets under management of approximately \$0.

Material Changes since the Last Update

On April 10th, 2019, our principal office location changed. The Mutual Trust Advisory Group main office was previously located at 9480 Corkscrew Palms Circle, Suite 3, Estero, FL 33928 and is now located at 23190 Fashion Drive, Suite P203, Estero, FL 33928. Our Fort Myers satellite office will remain the same location, 6830 Porto Fino Circle, Suite 1, Fort Myers, FL 33912.

On May 25th, 2020 we updated the description and how we charge for our Limited Scope Planning, Investment Management and Wealth Management services in Item 4 and Item 5 of our Form ADV Part 2A Brochure.

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Item 4 - Advisory Activities of Mutual Trust Advisory Group (MTAG)

MTAG has three types of engagements:

- Limited Scope Planning Engagement
- Investment Management Service
- Wealth Management Services Engagement

Limited Scope Planning Engagements

MTAG offers various financial planning related services, which assist Clients in the management of their financial resources. Financial planning services are based upon an analysis of the Client's individual needs beginning with one or more information gathering consultations. Once the firm has collected and analyzed all documentation gathered during these consultations, MTAG provides a written financial plan designed to achieve the Client's financial goals and objectives. MTAG then assists Clients in developing a strategy for the successful management of income, assets, and liabilities. In general, financial planning services may include any one or all of the following:

- Cash Flow Analysis – Assessment of present financial situation by collecting information regarding net worth and cash flow statements, tax returns, insurance policies, investment portfolios, pension plans, employee benefit statements, etc. The firm advises on ways to reduce risk; and, to coordinate and organize records and estate information.
- Retirement Analysis – Identification of long-term financial and personal goals and objectives including advice for accumulating wealth for retirement income or appropriate distribution of assets following retirement. Tax consequences and implications are identified and evaluated.
- Insurance Analysis – Includes risk management associated with advisory recommendations based on a combination of insurance types to meet your needs, e.g., life, health, disability, and long-term care insurance. This will necessitate an analysis of cash needs of the Client's family at death, income needs of surviving dependents, and potential disability income needs.
- Portfolio Analysis/Investment Planning – Presentation of investment alternatives, including asset allocation and its effect on the Client's portfolio; evaluation of economic and tax characteristics of existing investments as well as their suitability for the Client; and, identification and evaluation of tax consequences and their implications.
- Education Savings Analysis – Alternatives and strategies with respect to the complete or partial funding of college or other post-secondary education.
- Estate Analysis – Advising Clients with respect to property ownership, distribution strategies, estate tax reduction, and tax payment techniques.

The recommendations and solutions are designed to achieve the Client's desired goals, subject to periodic evaluation of the financial plan, which may require revisions to meet changing circumstances. Financial plans are based on your financial situation based on the information provided to the firm. We should be notified promptly of any change to your financial situation, goals, objectives, or needs.

Clients can also request financial planning services that cover a specific area, such as retirement or estate planning, asset allocation analysis, manager due diligence, and 401(k) platform due diligence. Clients may choose to accept or reject our recommendations. If you decide to proceed with our recommendations, you may do so by engaging us for investment advisory services or by using any advisory, brokerage, or insurance provider you choose.

Investment Management services

MTAG offers discretionary portfolio management services to our Clients. Discretionary portfolio management means we will make investment decisions and place buy or sell orders in your account without contacting you. These decisions would be made based upon your stated investment objectives. If you wish, you may limit our discretionary authority by, for example, setting a limit on the type of securities that can be purchased for your account. Simply provide us with your restrictions or guidelines in writing.

Our investment advice is tailored to meet our Clients' needs and investment objectives. If you decide to hire our firm to manage your portfolio, we will meet with you to gather your financial information, determine your goals, and help you decide how much risk you should take in your investments. The information we gather will help us implement an asset allocation strategy that will be specific to your goals, whether we are actively investing for you or simply providing you with advice.

MTAG does not specialize in specific types of securities. We can advise Clients on various types of securities, such as exchange listed equities, over the counter equities, foreign issues, American depository receipts, corporate debt securities, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, municipal securities, investment company securities (including mutual funds and exchange traded funds), US Government securities, options contracts on securities and/or commodities, private equity instruments, and interests in partnership investing in real estate. Additionally, will provide advice on existing investments you may hold at the inception of the advisory relationship or on other types of investments for which you ask advice.

If you engage us for portfolio management services, we will monitor your portfolio's performance on a continuous basis, and rebalance the portfolio whenever necessary, as changes occur in market conditions and/or your financial circumstances.

Wealth Management Services

MTAG provides broad-based wealth management services to Clients. This service is a combination of the limited scope planning and investment management services. Wealth management clients first receive a financial plan similar to the one presented to limited scope planning clients. Once a financial plan has been provided to the Client, MTAG will then assist the Client in developing a strategy for the successful management of their investments as part of an ongoing investment management service. Limited scope planning and investment management services are described fully above.

Item 5 – Fees and Compensation

Limited Scope Engagement Fees

MTAG's fee is determined prior to the start of the engagement, and takes into account the scope of the engagement, its complexity, and the expected time required for the engagement. MTAG charges a negotiable fixed fee that ranges from \$1,250 to \$10,000 or an hourly fee of up to \$350/hour. The fee is provided to the client prior to the start of the engagement in the advisory agreement. If MTAG uses a fixed fee, one-half or 50% of the total amount of the fee is due at the time of the engagement, with the balance of the fee being due upon completion of the engagement. If an hourly fee is used, the rate is determined by the complexity and experience needed for the engagement. Hourly fees are billed in

hourly increments, and due upon delivery of service. MTAG's limited scope engagement fee is to be paid by check.

Investment Management Service Fee

For clients receiving investment management services only, MTAG charges a fee of up to 1.75% of the value of the investment portfolio. Fees are billed quarterly, in advance, and are based on the value of your portfolio at the end of the preceding quarter. Investment management fees are negotiable depending on factors such as the amount of assets under management, range of investments, and complexity of the Client's financial circumstances, among others. The exact fee to be paid by the Client will be clearly stated in the investment management agreement signed by the Client and the firm.

Generally, the investment management fee will be deducted from the Client's account held with a non-affiliated, qualified custodian. The qualified custodian will provide the Client with an account statement at least quarterly. This statement will detail all account activity, including any fees deducted from the account(s). We will also send a billing invoice to the client. Our invoicing process is disclosed in the Wealth Management Services Fees section below.

At the inception of services, the first pay period's fees will be calculated on a pro-rata basis. The investment management agreement between the Client and MTAG will continue in effect until either party terminates the investment management agreement in accordance with the terms of the investment management agreement. MTAG's annual fee will be pro-rated through the date of termination and any pre-paid, unearned fees will be promptly refunded to the Client.

Wealth Management Services Fees

At the inception of service, the client pays us a fixed fee of up to \$12,500 for the creation of the written financial plan. The fee is payable upon delivery of the plan. Once the plan is delivered, clients pay an ongoing management fee based upon a percentage of the market value of the assets being managed. The fee includes ongoing revisions of the initial financial plan and the management of the client's portfolio. We charge the following annualized asset management fees:

| Assets Under Management | Annual Advisory Fee |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| First \$1,000,000 | 0.95% |
| Next \$4,000,000 | 0.50% |
| Over \$5,000,000 | 0.25% |

For example, assume that the fair market value of a portfolio at the end of the billing period is \$4,000,000. In this hypothetical example, our quarterly management fee would be assessed as follows: First \$1,000,000 of account value would be billed at a quarterly rate of .95%/4 ($\$1,000,000 \times 0.2375 = \$2,375$); Next \$3,000,000 of account value would be billed at a quarterly rate of .50%/4 ($\$3,000,000 \times 0.125 = \$3,750$); The fee for various break points is then added together to determine the total quarterly Account fee: $\$2,375 + \$3,750 = \$6,125$.

Wealth management fees are negotiable depending on factors such as the amount of assets under management, range of investments, and complexity of the Client's financial circumstances, among others. The exact fee to be paid by the Client will be clearly stated in the wealth management agreement signed by the Client and the firm.

Wealth management fees are billed quarterly, in advance; and, they are based on the value of your portfolio at the end of the preceding quarter. Terms of payment are stated in the wealth management agreement signed by the Client and the firm. Generally, the wealth management fee will be deducted from the Client's account held with a non-affiliated, qualified custodian. The qualified custodian will provide the Client with an account statement at least quarterly. This statement will detail all account activity, including any fees deducted from the account(s).

We will deduct our fee directly from the managed account(s) through the unaffiliated, qualified custodian holding the Client's funds and securities provided that:

- MTAG does not have access to Client funds for payment of fees without Client consent in writing. The Client provides written authorization permitting the fees to be paid directly from the Client's account held by the account custodian.
- MTAG sends the Client an invoice showing the amount of the fee, the time period covered by the fee, the value of the Client's assets on which the fee is based, and the specific manner in which the fee was calculated.
- MTAG discloses to the Client that it is the Client's responsibility to verify the accuracy of the fee calculation and that the custodian will not determine whether the fee is properly calculated.
- MTAG will send an invoice to the custodian indicating the amount of the fee to be paid by the custodian.
- The custodian agrees to send the Client a statement, at least quarterly, indicating all amounts dispersed from the account, including the amount of the advisory fee paid directly to MTAG. MTAG will also receive a copy of your account statements from the custodian. Please review each statement for accuracy. Please let us know immediately if you have questions about or if you did not receive a statement.

At the inception of services, the first pay period's fees will be calculated on a pro-rata basis. The wealth management agreement between the Client and MTAG will continue in effect until either party terminates the wealth management agreement in accordance with the terms of the wealth management agreement. MTAG's annual fee will be pro-rated through the date of termination and any pre-paid, unearned fees will be promptly refunded to the Client.

Additional Fees and Expenses

Our annual fee is exclusive of, and in addition to, brokerage commissions, transaction fees, and other related costs and expenses. You are responsible for brokerage costs incurred. However, MTAG will not receive any portion of the commissions, fees, and costs. Please see Item 12 – Brokerage Practices for further information on brokerage and transaction costs.

As described above, the fees are charged as described and are not based on a share of capital gains of the funds of any advisory Client.

All fees paid to MTAG for investment advisory services are separate and distinct from the fees and expenses charged to shareholders by mutual funds or exchange traded funds. These fees and expenses are described in each fund's prospectus. These fees generally include a management fee, other fund

expenses, and a possible distribution fee. If the fund also imposes sales charges, you may pay an initial or deferred sales charge.

A Client could invest in a mutual fund directly, without the services of MTAG. In which case, the Client would not receive the services provided by MTAG, which are designed, among other things, to assist the Client in determining which mutual fund or funds are most appropriate to their financial condition and objectives. Accordingly, Clients should review the fees charged by the funds and the fees charged by MTAG to fully understand the total amount of fees charged and to evaluate the cost of advisory services being provided.

We do not represent, warrant, or imply that the services or methods of analysis employed by us can or will predict future results, successfully identify market tops or bottoms, or insulate you from losses due to market corrections or declines.

Item 6 - Performance-Based Fees and Sharing of Capital Gains

Fees are not based on a share of the capital gains or capital appreciation of managed securities.

Item 7 - Types of Clients

MTAG generally provides investment advice to individuals and high net-worth individuals.

Client relationships vary in scope and length of service.

Account Minimums

MTAG does not impose an account minimum on its clients.

Item 8 - Methods of Analysis, Strategies and Risks

In the course of our management process and as appropriate on a case by case basis, we will employ some or all of the following methods of analysis. For a description of the risks related to each particular method of analysis, see the information following each analysis method description.

Fundamental Analysis

Fundamental analysis is generally considered the opposite approach to technical analysis. Fundamental analysis involves the attempt to identify the intrinsic value (i.e. the actual, real value) of an investment instrument by examining any related economic, financial, and other quantitative/qualitative factors relevant to that instrument. Fundamental analysis can take into account anything that may impact the underlying value of the instrument. Examples of such things may include large-scale economic issues such as the overall condition or current cycle of the economy, industry-specific or sector-specific conditions, etc. Other company/issuer-specific factors may also be taken into consideration such as the company's/issuer's current financial condition, management experience and capabilities, legal/regulatory matters, the overall type and volume of current and expected business, etc.

One of the goals of fundamental analysis is to attempt to derive a value that can be compared to the current market price for a particular financial instrument in hopes of determining whether the instrument is overpriced (time to sell) or underpriced (time to buy).

Key risk(s): Economic Risk, Financial Risk, Inflation Risk, and Interest Rate Risk.

Investing in securities or other investment products involves the risk of loss and you should be prepared to bear such losses.

Investment Strategies

In the course of our management process and as appropriate on a case by case basis, we will employ any of the following investment strategies. For a description of the risks related to each particular investment strategy, see the information following each strategy description. The codes used below relate to risks described further below in this section.

Long-Term Purchases

Long-term purchases generally involve the acquisition of an investment instrument and holding it for a period of at least one year.

Key risk(s): Capital Risk, Economic Risk, Financial Risk, and Inflation Risk.

Short-Term Purchases

Short-term purchases generally involve the acquisition of an investment instrument and holding it for a period of not more than one year.

Key risk(s): Capital Risk, Economic Risk, Financial Risk, and Inflation Risk.

Risk Disclosures

Capital Risk

Capital risk is one of the most basic, fundamental risks of investing; it is the risk that you may lose 100 percent of your money. All investments carry some form of risk and the loss of capital is generally a risk for any investment instrument.

Credit Risk

Credit risk can be a factor in situations where an investment's performance relies on a borrower's repayment of borrowed funds. With credit risk, an investor can experience a loss or unfavorable performance if a borrower does not repay the borrowed funds as expected or required. Investment holdings that involve forms of indebtedness (i.e. borrowed funds) are subject to credit risk.

Currency Risk

Fluctuations in the value of the currency in which your investment is denominated may affect the value of your investment and thus, your investment may be worth more or less in the future. All currency is subject to swings in valuation and thus, regardless of the currency denomination of any particular investment you own, currency risk is a realistic risk measure. That said, currency risk is generally a much larger factor for investment instruments denominated in currencies other than the most widely used currencies (U.S. dollar, British pound, Euro, Japanese yen, etc.).

Economic Risk

The prevailing economic environment is important to the health of all businesses. Some companies, however, are more sensitive to changes in the domestic or global economy than others. These types of companies are often referred to as cyclical businesses. Countries in which a large portion of businesses are in cyclical industries are thus also very economically sensitive and carry a higher amount of economic risk. If an investment is issued by a party located in a country that experiences wide swings from an economic standpoint or in situations where certain elements of an investment instrument are hinged on

dealings in such countries, the investment instrument will generally be subject to a higher level of economic risk.

Financial Risk

Financial risk is represented by internal disruptions within an investment or the issuer of an investment that can lead to unfavorable performance of the investment. Examples of financial risk can be found in cases like Enron or many of the dot com companies that were caught up in a period of extraordinary market valuations that were not based on solid financial footings of the companies.

Higher Trading Costs

For any investment instrument or strategy that involves active or frequent trading, you may experience larger than usual transaction-related costs. Higher transaction-related costs can negatively affect overall investment performance.

Inflation Risk

Inflation risk involves the concern that in the future, your investment or proceeds from your investment will not be worth what they are today. Throughout time, the prices of resources and end-user products generally increase and thus, the same general goods and products today will likely be more expensive in the future. The longer an investment is held, the greater the chance that the proceeds from that investment will be worth less in the future than what they are today. Said another way, a dollar tomorrow will likely get you less than what it can today.

Interest Rate Risk

Certain investments involve the payment of a fixed or variable rate of interest to the investment holder. Once an investor has acquired the rights to an investment that pays a particular rate (fixed or variable) of interest, changes in overall interest rates in the market will affect the value of the interest-paying investment(s) they hold. In general, changes in prevailing interest rates in the market will have an inverse relationship to the value of existing, interest paying investments. In other words, as interest rates move up, the value of an instrument paying a particular rate (fixed or variable) of interest will go down. The reverse is generally true as well.

Legal/Regulatory Risk

Certain investments or the issuers of investments may be affected by changes in state or federal laws or in the prevailing regulatory framework under which the investment instrument or its issuer is regulated. Changes in the regulatory environment or tax laws can affect the performance of certain investments or issuers of those investments and thus, can have a negative impact on the overall performance of such investments.

Liquidity Risk

Certain assets may not be readily converted into cash or may have a very limited market in which they trade. Thus, you may experience the risk that your investment or assets within your investment may not be able to be liquidated quickly, thus, extending the period of time by which you may receive the proceeds from your investment. Liquidity risk can also result in unfavorable pricing when exiting (i.e. not being able to quickly get out of an investment before the price drops significantly) a particular investment and therefore, can have a negative impact on investment returns.

Market Risk

The market value of an investment will fluctuate as a result of the occurrence of the natural economic forces of supply and demand on that investment, its particular industry or sector, or the market as a

whole. Market risk may affect a single issuer, industry or sector of the economy or may affect the market as a whole. Market risk can affect any investment instrument or the underlying assets or other instruments held by or traded within that investment instrument.

Operational Risk

Operational risk can be experienced when an issuer of an investment product is unable to carry out the business it has planned to execute. Operational risk can be experienced as a result of human failure, operational inefficiencies, system failures, or the failure of other processes critical to the business operations of the issuer or counter party to the investment.

Past Performance

Charting and technical analysis are often used interchangeably. Technical analysis generally attempts to forecast an investment's future potential by analyzing its past performance and other related statistics. In particular, technical analysis often times involves an evaluation of historical pricing and trading volume of a particular security for the purpose of forecasting where future price and volume figures may go. As with any investment analysis method, technical analysis runs the risk of not knowing the future and thus, investors should realize that even the most diligent and thorough technical analysis cannot predict or guarantee the future performance of any particular investment instrument or issuer thereof.

Strategy Risk

There is no guarantee that the investment strategies discussed herein will work under all market conditions and each investor should evaluate his/her ability to maintain any investment he/she is considering in light of his/her own investment time horizon. Investments are subject to risk, including possible loss of principal.

There is no single type of investment instrument that we predominantly recommend, however, please be mindful that all investments carry some form and degree of risk. Certain types of investments carry greater types and levels of risk than others and you should make sure that you fully understand, not only the investment product itself, but also the attendant risk factors associated with such products.

Item 9 - Disciplinary Information

Registered investment advisers are required to disclose all material facts regarding any legal or disciplinary events that would be material to your evaluation of MTAG or the integrity of MTAG's management personnel. MTAG has no information to disclose applicable to this Item.

Item 10 - Other Financial Industry Activities and Affiliations

MTAG is not registered as a securities broker-dealer, or a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator or commodity trading advisor.

MTAG does not have arrangements that are material to its advisory or its clients with a related person who is a broker-dealer, investment company, other investment advisor, financial planning firm, commodity pool operator, commodity trading advisor or futures commission merchant, banking or thrift institution, accounting firm, law firm, insurance company or agency, pension consultant, real estate broker or dealer, or an entity that creates or packages limited partnerships.

Item 11 - Code of Ethics

MTAG or its related person does not recommend to client, or buy or sell for client accounts, securities in which it or a related person has a material financial interest. From time to time, MTAG representatives

do not purchase securities for their personal accounts that they also recommend to clients, or buy for clients. At no time, however, will our firm or any related party receive preferential treatment over our clients.

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that establishes policies for ethical conduct for all our personnel. Our firm accepts the obligation not only to comply with all applicable laws and regulations, but also to act in an ethical and professionally responsible manner in all professional services and activities.

We periodically review and amend our Code of Ethics to ensure that it remains current, and we require all firm access persons to attest to their understanding of, and adherence to, the Code of Ethics at least annually. Our firm will provide a copy of its Code of Ethics to any client, or prospective client, upon request.

Item 12 – Brokerage Practices

MTAG has the discretion to select brokerage firms/custodian where the clients' accounts will be held. Accounts owned by our clients will be held at TD Ameritrade.

MTAG may receive "institutional platform services" from a broker-dealer or custodian. These institutional platform services include software and other technology that (i) provide access to client account data (such as trade confirmations and account statements); (ii) facilitate trade execution and allocate aggregated trade orders for multiple client accounts; (iii) provide research, pricing and other market data; (iv) facilitate payment of fees from its clients' accounts; and (v) assist back-office functions, recordkeeping and client reporting.

Research and Soft Dollars

We may receive an economic benefit from external sources in the form of the support products and services made available to us, and other independent investment advisors. The availability to us of an external source's products and services is not based on our offering particular investment advice, such as buying particular holdings for our clients.

Best Execution

Best execution means the most favorable terms for a transaction based on all relevant factors, including those listed in the previous section. We recognize our obligation in seeking "best execution" for our clients. It is our belief that the determinative factor is not always the lowest possible cost, but whether the selected service provider's transactions represent the best "qualitative" execution, while taking into consideration the full range of services provided. Therefore, we seek services involving competitive rates, but it may not necessarily correlate into the lowest possible rate for each transaction.

Directed Brokerage

We do not allow directed brokerage. Our clients will be required to use TD Ameritrade

Aggregating Securities Transactions

Transactions for each of our clients will generally be effected independently, unless we decide to purchase or sell the same securities for several clients at approximately the same time, often termed "aggregated" or "batched" orders. We do not receive any additional compensation, or remuneration, as a result of aggregated transactions. Should we aggregate orders, transactions will be averaged as to price, and allocated among each client on a prorated basis on any given day, and we will attempt to do so in accordance with applicable industry rules. Client accounts where trade aggregation is not allowed, or infeasible, may be assessed higher transaction costs than those that are batched.

Item 13 - Review of Accounts

For those clients to whom MTAG provides investment management supervisory services, account reviews will be conducted on a periodic basis by Scott Schatzle, President of MTAG. All on-going engagement clients are advised that it remains their responsibility to advise MTAG in writing of any changes in the client's investment objectives and/or financial situation, or if the client wishes to impose any reasonable restrictions on MTAG's discretionary management services. All clients (in person or electronically) are encouraged to review investment objectives, and account performance, with MTAG on an annual basis.

MTAG may conduct account reviews on an other than periodic basis upon the occurrence of a triggering event, such as a market correction, large deposits or withdrawals from an account, substantial changes in the value of a client's portfolio, change in the client's investment objectives, and by client request.

Those clients to whom MTAG provides limited scope planning services will receive reports summarizing MTAG analysis and conclusions, as requested by the client, or otherwise agreed to in writing. However, Clients should note that a financial plan is a snapshot in time and no ongoing reviews are conducted, unless you have engaged us for investment management or wealth management services. We recommend a plan review at least annually.

Item 14 - Client Referrals and Other Compensation

No compensation is paid or received for referrals. MTAG does not accept referral fees or any form of remuneration from other professionals when a prospect or client is referred to them. We will refer clients to other service professionals, if requested or deemed necessary, based on the specific needs of the client. We may, in the normal course of business, receive a referral from a client or outside professional. MTAG has no formal arrangement to receive referrals from these outside professionals. There is no compensation paid for doing so.

Item 15 - Custody

Under Florida law, MTAG is considered to have custody over a client's account due to the ability to directly debit fees from a client's account. However, MTAG is not required to meet the financial requirements for custodial advisors under Florida law because it employs the required safeguards.

The client's funds and securities will be maintained by an unaffiliated, qualified custodian. Your assets are not held by our firm or any of our associates. We have no authority to make withdrawals or transfers from a client's account except for our investment management fees. Payment for management fees will be made by the qualified custodian holding the client's funds and securities, provided the client provides written authorization permitting the fees to be paid directly from the client's account. In keeping with our policy of not having custody of our client funds or securities, we use the following safeguards:

- Restrict our firm and associates from acting as trustee for or having full power of attorney over a client account.
- Prohibit any authority to withdraw securities or cash assets from a client account, other than for payment of our advisory fees or transaction settlement. These actions will be accomplished through a qualified custodian maintaining your assets (i.e. your custodian), pursuant to a written agreement and following your approval.
- Do not accept or forward client securities (i.e. stock certificates) erroneously delivered to our firm.

- Will not collect fees of \$500.00 or more for services to be performed six months or more in advance.
- Will not authorize any associate to have knowledge of a client's account access information (i.e., online 401 (K), brokerage or bank accounts), even for the convenience or accommodation of the client or their legal agent.
- Each time the fee is deducted from a client's account, we will concurrently send the client a note of the fee being deducted, when it arrived, and the amount of asset under management the fee is based on, and the period covered by the fee.

Item 16 - Investment Discretion

We provide our investment management services under a discretionary authority. This discretionary authority allows our firm to implement investment decisions, such as the purchase or sale of a security on behalf of your account, without requiring your authorization for each transaction, in order to meet your stated account objectives. The custodian specifically limits the firm's authority in the account to the placement of trade orders, and the deduction of advisory fees.

Item 17 - Voting Client Securities

Our firm does not vote proxies on your behalf. The client will have the exclusive responsibility for directing the manner in which proxies, solicited by issuers of securities that are beneficially owned by the client, shall be voted. Because we do not accept the authority to vote clients' proxies, we do not answer questions, or offer guidance, on how to vote proxies. The client should contact the issuer or the client's own legal counsel about any proxy the client has received.

Further, we will have no power, authority, responsibility, or obligation to take any action with regard to any claim, or potential claim, in any bankruptcy proceeding, class action securities litigation, or other litigation or proceeding relating to securities held at any time in a client account, including without limitation to file proofs of claim, or other documents related to such proceeding, or to investigate, initiate, supervise, or monitor class action, or other litigation involving client assets. Moreover, we will not offer or provide guidance on these matters; clients should contact the issuer or their legal counsel.

Item 18 - Financial Information

MTAG does not have any financial impairment that will preclude the firm from meeting contractual commitments to clients. A balance sheet is not required to be provided because the firm does not serve as a custodian for client funds outside of deducting its fees or securities, and does not require prepayment of fees more than \$500 six months or more in advance. MTAG has never been the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding.

Item 19 - Requirements for State-Registered Advisers

Scott R. Schatzle is the Managing Member, Chief Compliance Officer, and principal owner of MTAG. Additional information about Mr. Schatzle, including his education and additional business activities, is included in the Brochure Supplement.

MTAG, nor any officer or management person, has been involved in an arbitration; found to be liable in any civil, self-regulatory organization, or administrative proceeding.

MTAG, nor any officer or management person, has any relationship with an issuer of securities.

MTAG, nor any of its associated persons, has the following disclosures:

1. An award, or otherwise being *found* liable, in an arbitration claim alleging damages in excess of \$2,500, *involving* any of the following:

- (a) an investment or an *investment-related* business or activity;
- (b) fraud, false statement(s), or omissions;
- (c) theft, embezzlement, or other wrongful taking of property;
- (d) bribery, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or
- (e) dishonest, unfair, or unethical practices.

2. An award, or otherwise being *found* liable, in a civil, *self-regulatory organization*, or administrative *proceeding involving* any of the following:

- (a) an investment or an *investment-related* business or activity;
- (b) fraud, false statement(s), or omissions;
- (c) theft, embezzlement, or other wrongful taking of property;
- (d) bribery, forgery, counterfeiting, or extortion; or
- (e) dishonest, unfair, or unethical practices.